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| Peregrinate Ltd |
| Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy |
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# LEGISLATION AND STATUTORY GUIDANCE

This policy is based on the Department for Education’s statutory guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education (2022) and [Working Together to Safeguard Children (2022),](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/working-together-to-safeguard-children--2) and the [Governance Handbook](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/governance-handbook). We comply with this guidance and the arrangements agreed and published by our 3 local safeguarding partners.

This policy is also based on the following legislation:

\* Section 175 of the [Education Act 2002](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/32/section/175), which places a duty on schools and local authorities to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils

\* [The School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2009/2680/contents/made), which set out what must be recorded on the single central record and the requirement for at least one person conducting an interview to be trained in safer recruitment techniques

\* Part 3 of the schedule to the [Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2014/3283/schedule/part/3/made), which places a duty on academies and independent schools to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils at the school

\* [The Children Act 1989](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1989/41) ([and 2004 amendment](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2004/31/contents)), which provides a framework for the care and protection of children

\* Section 5B(11) of the [Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003](https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/31), as inserted by section 74 of the [Serious Crime Act 2015](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2015/9/part/5/crossheading/female-genital-mutilation), which places a statutory duty on teachers to report to the police where they discover that female genital mutilation (FGM) appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18

\* [Statutory guidance on FGM](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/multi-agency-statutory-guidance-on-female-genital-mutilation), which sets out responsibilities with regards to safeguarding and supporting girls affected by FGM

\* [The Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1974/53), which outlines when people with criminal convictions can work with children

\* Schedule 4 of [the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2006/47/schedule/4), which defines what ‘regulated activity’ is in relation to children

\* [Statutory guidance on the Prevent duty](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance), which explains schools’ duties under the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 with respect to protecting people from the risk of radicalisation and extremism This policy also complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

Peregrinate School is committed to working in partnership with all agencies to ensure that information and training opportunities are available to ensure best practice when working with young people. Adopting best practice will help to safeguard these participants from potential abuse as well as protecting staff and other adults in positions of responsibility from potential false allegations of abuse. The Peregrinate School Safeguarding Policy and Implementation Procedures will allow young people to excel in a safe environment. Peregrinate School is committed to ensuring that everyone working with children or young people:

• Has undergone a Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check

• Is adequately trained and supervised

• Understands and follows the organisation’s Safeguarding Policy

This policy provides guidance to all adults working within the organisation, whether paid or voluntary or directly employed by the organisation or by a third party.

# Child Protection Statement:

‘Peregrinate Limited is committed to safeguarding children and promoting children’s welfare and expects all staff, stakeholders, volunteers and visitors to share this commitment and maintain a vigilant and safe environment. Everyone has a responsibility to act without delay to protect children by reporting anything that might suggest a child is being abused or neglected. It is our willingness to work safely and challenge inappropriate behaviours that underpins this commitment. Peregrinate Ltd. seeks to work in partnership with families and other agencies to improve the outcomes for children who are vulnerable or in need.’

‘Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone’s responsibility.

Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families and/or carers has a role to play in safeguarding children. In order to fulfil this responsibility effectively, all

professionals should make sure their approach is child-centred. This means that they

should consider, at all times, what is in the best interests of the child.’ (DFE 2021)

# 3. Definitions:

A child includes anyone under the age of 18.

Child protection: *‘Where a child is suffering significant harm, or is likely to do so, action should be taken to protect that child.’*

Safeguarding Children: *‘Action should also be taken to promote the welfare of a child in need of additional support, even if they are not suffering harm or are at immediate risk.*

*Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined as protecting children from maltreatment; preventing impairment of children’s health or development; ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.’*

Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2021)

# 4. Policy Aims:

* To ensure responsibilities and procedures are fully understood and that everyone can recognise signs and indicators of abuse or neglect and respond to them appropriately
* To ensure that the school’s practice meets local and national guidance
* Peregrinate Ltd. aims to create and maintain a safe learning environment where all children and adults feel safe, secure and valued and know they will be listened to and taken seriously.
* The Continuum of Needs and Response and the Common Assessment Framework is embedded into everyday practice and procedures when responding to children’s need. The children have access to appropriate curriculum opportunities, including emotional health and wellbeing, to support the development of the skills needed to help them stay safe and healthy, develop their self-esteem and understand the responsibilities of adult life, particularly in regard to childcare and parenting skills.
* Access to cross-curricular activities will provide opportunities to develop self-esteem and self-motivation and to help pupils respect the rights of others, particularly those groups who may be considered a minority.

# 5. Key Principles:

* The child’s needs and welfare are paramount. All children have a right to be

protected from abuse and neglect and have their welfare safeguarded.

* All pupils will be taught about the dangers of sexting, online safety, female genital mutilation (FGM), forced marriage, extremism and radicalisation and teenage relationships (peer to peer).
* Children should be listened to and their views and wishes should inform any

assessment and provision for them. Staff should always act in the interests of the child in order to protect them.

* Peregrinate Ltd. recognises that scrutiny, challenge and supervision are key to safeguarding children.
* Peregrinate Ltd. is committed to working with other agencies to provide early help for children before they become at risk of harm or require a ‘child in need’ statutory assessment. ‘Early Help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges, at any point in a child’s life, from the foundation years through to the teenage years. ‘ (DfE 2015)
* ‘All staff should be aware of the early help process and understand their role in it. This includes identifying emerging problems, liaising with the designated

safeguarding lead, sharing information with other professionals to support early identification and assessment and, in some cases, acting as the lead professional in undertaking an early help assessment.’ (DFE 2021)

* ‘All staff should be aware of the process for making referrals to children’s social care and for statutory assessments under the Children Act 1989 that may follow a referral, along with the role they might be expected to play in such assessments.´ (DFE 2021)
* All staff have equal responsibility to report their concerns about a child or the behaviour of any adult **without delay** to the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Whilst the Designated Safeguarding Lead will normally make referrals to Children’s Services, **any** staff member can refer their concerns to children’s social care directly in emergencies or if they feel they need to do so. (**Knowsley Mash on** 0151 443 2600).
* Everyone has responsibility to escalate their concerns and ‘press for reconsideration’ if they believe a child’s needs remain unmet or if the child is failing to thrive and in need, or if the child is at risk of harm. ‘Concerns about a child should always lead to help for a child at some point.’
* Peregrinate Ltd. understands its responsibility to request a statutory assessment lead by a social worker for any child in need, as defined under the Children Act 1989, who is unlikely to achieve or maintain a satisfactory level of health or development, or their health and development will be significantly impaired, without the provision of services.
* Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2022) reminds us that all staff should maintain an attitude of “it could happen here” where safeguarding is concerned.
* Peregrinate Ltd. will work in partnership with other agencies to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm, including the need to share information about a child in order to safeguard them. ‘Fears about sharing information cannot be allowed to stand in the way of the need to promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.’ (Working Together to Safeguard Children (DfE 2022)).
* Peregrinate Ltd. will work with other agencies to ensure any actions that are part of a multiagency coordinated plan are completed in a timely way.
* If other agencies contact staff at Peregrinate, we will not discuss learners or family members until we are able to verify that the caller is who they say they are. Staff will request a number to telephone back having first made investigations into the agency.
* Peregrinate Ltd. will follow the relevant Local Authority and Liverpool, Sefton or Knowsley Children’s Safeguarding Partners procedures and provide them with information as required. (Contacting LADO ‘Local Authority Designated Officer’).
* Staff, children and families will need support following child protection processes being followed.
* Children have a right to learn ways to keep themselves safe from harm and

exploitation. Staff will receive regular training and updates which have been disseminated from the Local Authority Safeguarding Partners.

* Peregrinate Ltd. will ensure that appropriate measures are taken to safeguard all stakeholders in use of ICT.

# 6. Legislation and Guidance:

Schools and colleges must have regard for the DfE statutory guidance ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2022). **This child protection policy should be read alongside this statutory guidance and all staff must read and understand at least part 1 of this guidance.**

Local authorities have a duty to make enquiries under section 47 of the **Children Act 1989** if they have reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm, to enable them to decide whether they should take any action to safeguard and promote the child's welfare. There may be a need for immediate protection whilst the assessment is carried out.

A ‘child in need’ is defined under the Children Act 1989 as a child who is unlikely to achieve or maintain a satisfactory level of health or development, or their health and development will be significantly impaired, without the provision of services; or a child who is disabled. A social worker will lead and co-ordinate any assessment under section 17 of the Children Act 1989.

Section 175 of the **Education Act 2002** places a duty on local authorities (in relation to their education functions, and governing bodies of maintained schools and further education institutions, which include sixth-form colleges) to exercise their functions with a view to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children who are pupils at a school, or who are students under 18 years of age attending further education institutions. The same duty applies to independent schools (which include Academies and free schools) by virtue of regulations made under section 157 of the same Act.)

**Working Together to Safeguard Children** (DfE 2022) provides additional guidance and clearly states:

‘Protecting children from harm and promoting their welfare depends upon a shared

responsibility and effective joint working between different agencies’

In addition, Working Together also reinforces the need to take action to provide Early Help before child protection is required:

‘Providing early help is more effective in promoting the welfare of children than reacting later. Early Help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges, at any point in a child’s life, from the foundation years through to the teenage years.’ (DFE2022

Peregrinate Ltd. therefore understands its responsibility to engage with other professionals in Early Help Assessments when a child’s needs according to the relevant Local Authorities Children’s Safeguarding Partners ‘Responding to Need and Level of Needs’ framework sit below the requirement for a statutory assessment.

**The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act** 2015 places a duty upon local authorities and educational providers to ‘have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism’. The DfE has provided statutory guidance for schools and childcare providers: **‘The Prevent Duty’** (June 2015). The guidance summarises the requirements on schools and childcare providers in terms of four general themes: risk assessment, working in partnership, staff training and IT policies. Peregrinate Ltd. will ensure that staff are aware of the indicators of extremism and radicalisation and know how to respond in keeping with Local and National guidance. Staff will use their judgement in identifying children who might be at risk of radicalisation and act proportionately which may include making a referral to the Channel programme. Equally, children will be made aware of the risks and support available to them.

We will ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in the organisation. The Government has developed an ‘educate against hate’ website providing information and resources for schools and parents to support them to recognise and address extremism and radicalisation in young people.

**‘Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 (as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015)** places a statutory duty upon **teachers** along with regulated health and social care professionals in England and Wales, to report to the police where they discover (either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence) that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18. Those failing to report such cases will face disciplinary sanctions. It will be rare for teachers to see visual evidence, and they should not be examining pupils, but the same definition of what is meant by “to discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out” is used for all professionals to whom this mandatory reporting duty applies. Information on when and how to make a report can be found at ‘Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation procedural information’

Teachers **must** personally report to the police cases where they discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out. Unless the teacher has a good reason not to, they should also still consider and discuss any such case with the school or college’s designated safeguarding lead and involve children’s social care as appropriate. The duty does not apply in relation to at risk or suspected cases (i.e. where the teacher does not discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out, either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence) or in cases where the woman is 18 or over. In these cases, teachers should follow local safeguarding procedures.’ (DFE 2021)

Peregrinate Ltd. will also consult the government guidance **multi-agency statutory guidance on female genital mutilation (revised 2021)**. In addition, Peregrinate Ltd. recognises the important role schools have in safeguarding children from Forced Marriage. (The Forced Marriage Unit has published **Multi-agency guidelines**, with pages 32-36 focusing on the role of schools and colleges. School and college staff can contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information. Contact: 020 7008 0151 or email: fmu@fco.gov.uk., DFE 2021)

Early years providers have a duty under section 40 of the **Childcare Act 2006** to comply with the welfare requirements of the **Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage**.

**The Teaching Standards (DfE 2013)** also requires all teachers to ‘uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour, within and outside school, including:

* treating pupils with dignity, building relationships rooted in mutual respect, and at all times observing proper boundaries appropriate to a teacher’s professional position
* having regard for the need to safeguard pupils’ well-being, in accordance with

statutory provisions

* showing tolerance of and respect for the rights of others’
* All pupils will be taught about the dangers of sexting, online safety, female genital mutilation (FGM), forced marriage, extremism and radicalisation.

In addition, the **Sexual Offences Act 2003** makes it clear that all members of staff are in a position of trust and would therefore be committing a criminal offence to have a sexual relationship with a young person below the age of 18, even if that pupil is over the age of consent. In addition it would be a breach of trust to have a relationship with any student over the age of 18.

**Peregrinate Ltd. will also take account of additional DFE guidance including:**

Working Together to Safeguard Children (DFE, 2022)

What to do if you are worried a child is being abused 2015- Advice for practitioners (DFE 2015)

The Prevent Duty - Departmental advice for schools and childcare providers (DFE 2015)

How social media is used to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq (DFE Briefing note for schools)

Disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006

The Ofsted School Inspection Handbook and Inspecting safeguarding in early years,

education and skills

Other DFE statutory guidance includes: attendance and children who go missing from home or care.

**RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION OF STAFF**

Pergrinate’s recruitment and selection policies and processes adhere to the DfE guidance set out in ‘*Keeping children safe in education-Statutory guidance for schools and colleges’ July 2022*.

All Senior Staff and the majority of stakeholders will complete the Safer Recruitment Training in 2022.

# 7. Communicating with parents and visitors:

The following statement is provided to parents so they are aware of the school’s

responsibilities:

*‘Peregrinate Ltd. ensures children learn in a safe, caring and enriching environment. Learners are taught how to keep themselves safe, to develop positive and healthy relationships, how to avoid situations where they might be at risk including by being exploited.*

Peregrinate Ltd. also has a statutory responsibility to share any concerns it might have about a child in need of protection with other agencies and in particular police, health and children’s services. Schools are not able to investigate child protection concerns but have a legal duty to refer them. In most instances this organisation will be able to inform the parents/carer of its need to make a referral. However, sometimes the organisation is advised by children’s services or police that the parent/carer cannot be informed whilst they investigate the matter. We understand the anxiety parents/carers understandably feel when they are not told about any concerns from the outset. Peregrinate Ltd. follows legislation that aims to act in the interests of the child.

‘Peregrinate Ltd. will always seek to work in partnership with parents and other agencies to ensure the best possible outcomes for the child and family’

The following notice is made available to all visitors in reception. In addition all visitors are provided with additional safeguarding guidance.

‘Peregrinate Ltd. is committed to safeguarding children and promoting children’s welfare and expects all staff, stakeholders, volunteers and visitors to share this commitment and maintain a vigilant and safe environment. Everyone has a responsibility to act without delay to protect children by reporting anything that might suggest a child is being abused or neglected. We would expect you to also report to the Managing Director who is also the Designated Safeguarding Lead any behaviour of any adults working in the school that may concern you. By signing our visitor’s book you are agreeing to follow the organisation’s safeguarding advice to visitors and where appropriate the code of conduct for staff and volunteers.’

The names and photographs of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and those who deputise for them are displayed in reception.

**Safeguarding Framework:**

In addition to this child protection policy the school has procedures or policies in relation to other areas for safeguarding children including as examples:

* Attendance
* Administering medicines
* Anti-bulling including cyber bullying
* Alternative and off-site provision
* Behaviour for learning
* Code of conduct for staff, stakeholders and volunteers (guidance on safer working practices)
* Children in care (Children Looked After - CLA)
* Clubs, trips, educational visits and extended school activities
* Data protection
* Drug and substance misuse
* Disability objectives and access plan
* Equal opportunities
* Emergency planning
* Extremism and radicalisation
* Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)
* Fire drills
* First aid
* Forced Marriage
* Intimate care
* Internet (e-safety)
* Risk assessments
* Safer recruitment practices
* Sexting
* Managing allegations against staff
* Peregrinate Ltd. and site security
* Safeguarding advice for visitors
* Special educational needs and disabilities
* Taking and using photographs
* Teenage relationship abuse (Peer to Peer)
* Whistle-blowing (Ethics Policy)

# 8. Roles and responsibilities:

The Managing Director is: Mrs. Angela Mollan

The Designated Safeguarding Lead for Child Protection is: Stephanie Bristow

The Child Deputy Safeguarding Lead for Child Protection is: Christian Mollan.

**The Management Team should ensure that:**

* Peregrinate Ltd. meets the statutory responsibilities set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2022) and Working Together to Safeguard Children (DfE 2022).
* Peregrinate Ltd. has a strategy for providing early help together with other agencies and supporting children and families by carrying out early help assessments, drawing upon the LSCB’s ‘Responding to Needs Framework.’
* The Child Protection Policy is reviewed annually and available to parents, normally via the organisation’s website.
* All adults working within the organisation are aware of Peregrinate Ltd.’s code of conduct and this guidance is in keeping with the Guidance for Safer Working Practices for Adults Working with Children (Safer Recruitment Consortium,2021)
* Peregrinate Ltd.’s practice is reviewed in line with the relevant Local Authority guidance, Children’s Safeguarding Partners’ priorities and any actions identified in the Local Authority Audit are completed.
* There is a named Designated Safeguarding Lead who is a member of the organisation’s management and leadership team. There are colleagues trained to provide cover for the role
* The school has procedures in keeping with the LSCB for dealing with any allegations made against any adult working within the organisation.
* There is an independent nominated HR company, who is the case manager for managing any allegations against the Managing Director.
* There is an additional nominated member of staff to liaise with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and champion child protection/safeguarding on behalf of the safeguarding body.
* Peregrinate Ltd. follows safer recruitment procedures, including the statutory pre-employment checks on all staff working with young people. The Managing Director reviews the organisation’s single central record.
* Peregrinate Ltd. is a safe environment where the views of children and families are listened to and where children are taught about safeguarding and how to keep themselves safe, including on the internet or when using new technology. Any complaints about services lead to improvements in practice.
* Peregrinate Ltd. will ensure there are appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place in respect of internet use.
* Should we suspect that there may be indecent images, videos or media, or bullying, threatening, or inappropriate content the suspected mobile, iPods, tablets and iPads and all similar devices will be confiscated and placed in a secure Faraday Bag to prevent wireless or Bluetooth interference or deletion of the content.
* It scrutinises the impact of the organisation’s training strategy so that all staff, including temporary staff and volunteers, are aware of the organisation’s child protection procedures. All staff must have child protection training which is regularly updated.
* There is effective analysis of safeguarding data including bullying, attendance,

exclusions, behaviour logs, pupils taken off roll, views and the progress and

participation of vulnerable students.

* All safeguarding practices are quality assured by the leadership team, including the auditing of safeguarding records and the supervision of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and other members of the safeguarding team.
* The Managing Director will promote the educational achievement of children who are looked after.

The Management Team are accountable for ensuring the organisation has effective policies and procedures in place in line with Local and National guidance, and for monitoring the organisation’s compliance with them.

**The Managing Director will ensure that:**

* The Single Central Record is maintained and up-to-date and the safer recruitment practices set out in Keeping Children Safe 2022 are followed, including pre-employment checks. Job descriptions and person specifications for all roles make specific reference to child protection and safeguarding.
* There is a listening culture within the organisation where both staff and children are able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practices.
* Referrals are made to the Disclosure and Barring Service and / or the National College of School Leadership as appropriate.
* They liaise with the relevant Local Authority Designated Officer where an allegation is made against a member of staff.
* The Designated Safeguarding Lead has a job description in keeping with the

requirements of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022 and that sufficient time, training and support are allocated to this role, including the appointment of colleagues able to deputise for the Designated Safeguarding Lead who have undertaken the same training.

* The curriculum provides opportunities to help students stay safe especially when online. Children should be aware of the support available to them.
* Peregrinate Ltd. quality assure the organisation’s child protection practices including the auditing of safeguarding records and the supervision of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and other members of the safeguarding team to ensure that actions and decisions are reviewed appropriately.

**Designated Safeguarding Lead**

**Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE 2022 sets out the broad areas of**

**responsibility for the Designated Safeguarding Lead:**

***Manage referrals***

*The designated safeguarding lead is expected to:*

* Refer cases of suspected abuse to the local authority children’s social care as

required.

* Support staff who make referrals to local authority children’s social care.
* Refer cases to the Channel programme where there is a radicalisation concern as required.
* Support staff who make referrals to the Channel programme.
* Refer cases where a person is dismissed or left due to risk/harm to a child to the Disclosure and Barring Service as required; and
* Refer cases where a crime may have been committed to the Police as required.

***Work with others***

* Liaise with the Management Team to inform them of issues especially ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations.
* As required, liaise with the “case manager” (as per Part four) and the designated officer(s) at the local authority for child protection concerns (all cases which concern a staff member); and
* Liaise with staff on matters of safety and safeguarding and when deciding whether to make a referral by liaising with relevant agencies. Act as a source of support, advice and expertise for staff.

***Undertake training***

The Designated Safeguarding Lead (and any deputies) should undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out the role. This training should be updated at least every two years.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead should undertake Prevent awareness training.

In addition to the formal training set out above, their knowledge and skills should be

refreshed (this might be via e-bulletins, meeting other designated safeguarding leads, or simply taking time to read and digest safeguarding developments) at regular intervals, as required, but at least annually, to allow them to understand and keep up with any developments relevant to their role so they:

* Understand the assessment process for providing early help and intervention, for example through locally agreed common and shared assessment processes such as early help assessments.
* Have a working knowledge of how local authorities conduct a child protection case conference and a child protection review conference and be able to attend and contribute to these effectively when required to do so.
* Ensure each member of staff has access to and understands the organisation’s child protection policy and procedures, especially new and part time staff.
* Are alert to the specific needs of children in need, those with special educational needs and young carers.
* Are able to keep detailed, accurate, secure written records of concerns and

referrals.

* Understand and support the organisation with regards to the requirements of the Prevent duty and are able to provide advice and support to staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation.
* Obtain access to resources and attend any relevant or refresher training courses.
* Encourage a culture of listening to learners and taking account of their wishes and feelings, among all staff, in any measures the organisation may put in place to protect them.

***Raise Awareness***

* The Designated Safeguarding Lead should ensure the school or college’s child protection policies are known, understood and used appropriately.
* Ensure the organisation’s child protection policy is reviewed annually (as a minimum) and the procedures and implementation are updated and reviewed regularly.
* Ensure the child protection policy is available publicly and parents are aware of the fact that referrals about suspected abuse or neglect may be made and the role of the organisation in this; and
* Link with the relevant local LSCB to make sure staff are aware of training opportunities and the latest local policies on safeguarding.

***Child Protection File***

* Where children leave the organisation ensure their child protection file is

transferred to the new education provider as soon as possible. This should be

transferred separately from the main pupil file, ensuring secure transit and

confirmation of receipt should be obtained.

***Availability***

* During term time the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or a deputy) should always be available (during operational hours) for staff in the school or college to discuss any safeguarding concerns. Whilst generally speaking the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy) would be expected to be available in person, it is a matter for individual schools and colleges, working with the Designated Safeguarding Lead, to define what “available” means and whether in exceptional circumstances availability via phone and / or Skype or other such mediums is acceptable.’

According to Local Guidance it is expected that the Senior Manager will be the case manager for any allegations against staff and make referrals to the Disclosure and Barring Service or National College of School Leadership.

In addition to the role outlined in Keeping Children Safe the Designated Safeguarding Lead is also expected to ensure that:

* Children’s Services is notified if a child subject to a Child Protection Plan is absent for more than two days without explanation and the social worker is informed when a child subject to a Child Protection Plan or a Child in Need Plan moves to a new setting.
* A training log is kept of all child protection training including the names of those attending. All staff must have regular training.
* Child protection records are kept securely and separately from the child’s normal file.
* Peregrinate Ltd. attends and contributes to Child Protection Case Conferences and Child in Need Meetings; ensuring actions are completed in a timely manner.
* Peregrinate Ltd. escalates its concerns with other agencies when a child’s needs are not being met.
* All staff read and understand part 1 of the DfE (2022) guidance ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ and have available to them other key documents and guidance.

**All staff and volunteers should:**

* Contribute to ensuring students learn in a safe environment.
* Read and understand as a minimum part 1 of the DFE (2022) guidance ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ and engage in training which enables them to identify children who may need additional help or who are suffering or likely to suffer significant harm and take appropriate action. Staff should have an understanding of the specific safeguarding issues outlined in part 1 of the DFE (2022) guidance ‘Keeping Children Safe’ e.g., fabricated or induced illnesses, faith abuse. Be aware that behaviours linked to the likes of drug taking, alcohol abuse, truanting and sexting put children in danger.
* Report any concerns about a child’s welfare without delay to the Designated

Safeguarding Lead or any of the safeguarding team. Report any concerns without delay about the behaviour of an adult towards a child to the Managing Director, Designated Safeguarding Lead or the relevant Local Authority Designated Officer for Allegations against Staff.

Understand their responsibility to escalate their concerns and ‘press for reconsideration’ if a child remains at risk or their needs are not met. This includes the understanding that any member of staff can make a referral to Children’s Services if required to.

* Teachers **must** personally report to the police cases where they discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out.
* Follow the organisation’s policies including this child protection policy and the school’s code of conduct for adults and the ‘Guidance for Safer Working Practices for Adults Working with Children’ (2022)
* Be aware safeguarding issues can manifest themselves via peer-on-peer abuse. This is most likely to include, but not limited to: bullying (including cyber bullying), gender-based violence/sexual assaults and sexting. Staff should recognise that children are capable of abusing their peers. Staff must challenge any form of derogatory and sexualised language or behaviour. Staff should be vigilant to sexualised/aggressive touching/grabbing particularly towards girls. Behaviours by children should never be passed off as ‘banter’ or ‘part of growing up’. The DFE states *‘child on child abuse should be taken as seriously as abuse by adults and should be subject to the same*

*child protection procedures. Professionals should not dismiss abusive behaviour as normal between young people and should not develop high thresholds before taking action.’* Concerns should be referred to senior staff who may need to consult with the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Victims of child-on-child harm should be supported by the organisation’s pastoral system and referred to specialist agencies including, as examples, ‘CAMHs’, ‘Brook’ and ‘Barnardos’. A risk assessment may need to be in place. The organisation’s curriculum will support young people to become more resilient to inappropriate behaviours towards them, risk taking behaviours and behaviours that children may be coerced into including ‘sexting’ or ‘initiation/hazing’ behaviours.

* Understand that some children, including those with Special Educational Needs or Looked After, may be more vulnerable to abuse. ‘Children with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities can face additional safeguarding challenges. This can include:

- assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and

injury relate to the child’s disability without further exploration.

- children with SEN and disabilities can be disproportionally impacted by things

like bullying- without outwardly showing any signs; and

- communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.’ (DFE

2022)

The DFE has provided additional practice guidance ‘Safeguarding Disabled Children’

DFE 2009.

* Have access to the organisation’s managing allegations against adults procedures and whistle blowing policy.
* (The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline is available for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 – line is available from 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and Email: [help@nspcc.org.uk](mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk).)
* Have access to ‘What to do if you are worried a child is being abused 2015- Advice for practitioners DFE 2015’

# 9. Procedures for reporting Child Protection or Child Welfare Concerns:

1. All concerns should be reported without delay directly to the Designated Safeguarding Lead. This should be followed by a written account of the concerns completed on the organisation’s Child Protection/Child Welfare Incident Form.
2. Consideration will need to be given to immediately protecting the child and contacting the police or other emergency services.
3. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will follow the relevant LSCB and Local Authority Procedures by making a referral to Children’s Services (‘Keeping Safe in Education’ reminds us that any adult can refer their concerns to Children’s Services directly). This should be followed up with a written referral to Children’s Services.
4. Concerns about a child should always lead to help for a child. The organisation may need to escalate its concerns with Children’s Services to ensure a referral is accepted or work with other agencies to ensure an Early Help Assessment is completed.
5. Peregrinate have experienced delays when attempting to report concerns to various agencies by telephone. This has resulted in unanswered calls, unreturned calls and messages not being passed on. Timeliness is a high priority and it is frustrating that our attempts to make timely contact with the relevant professionals have been delayed in some instances. In order to keep these delays for these cases to the minimum Peregrinate will contact all agencies using Confidential and Secure email: [private@secure-peregrinate.uk](mailto:private@secure-peregrinate.uk) which will time and date the emails as they are sent.

‘School Improvement Liverpool School’s Safeguarding Handbook’ and Part 1 of ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ (DFE 2022) provides key flowcharts and guidance to support staff and volunteers understanding and decision making. **This will support staff to make a referral themselves should that become necessary.**

Any staff member who has a concern about a child’s welfare should follow the referral processes set out in paragraphs 21-27 of ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ (DFE, 2022). Staff may be required to support social workers and other agencies following any referral.

If a member of staff, in the course of their work in their profession, discovers that an act of Female Genital Mutilation appears to have been carried out on a girl under the age of 18 the member of staff must report this to the police. ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’ provides additional guidance.

# 10. Additional Child Protection Guidance provided to all adults working with young people which will include:

* Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2022)
* The School’s Code of Conduct for staff and volunteers
* Guidance for Safer Working Practices for Adults Working with Children (Safer

Recruitment Consortium 2015)

* A flowchart summarising the child protection procedures
* Definitions of abuse or neglect and possible indicators
* Identified groups of children more vulnerable to abuse
* Specific guidance related to Female Genital Mutilation, Forced Marriage, Child Sexual Exploitation, Extremism and Radicalisation, Neglect and online-safety
* Dealing with allegations against staff and volunteers procedures
* Whistleblowing procedures
* ‘What to do if you are worried a child is being abused 2015- Advice for practitioners DFE 2015’
* Briefing on key updates to statutory guidance for schools in England – Keeping Children Safe in Education (2022)

# 11. On-line safety, data protection and the use of digital photographic equipment

The organisation’s on-line/E-safety/ Acceptable User policy clearly outlines the way in which the organisation uses technology and the measures in place to ensure safe and responsible use by all. There is a clear code of conduct for staff and volunteers for using new technologies, mobile phones and personal photographical equipment around children. The school will consider, in particular, Looked After Children (Children in Care) who might be put at risk by being included in publicity materials or school photographs.

The DFE highlights the risks of new technologies:

‘The use of technology has become a significant component of many safeguarding

issues. Child sexual exploitation; radicalisation; sexual predation- technology often

provides the platform that facilitates harm. The breadth of issues classified within online safety is considerable, but can be categorised into three areas of risk:

* content: being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful material
* contact: being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users
* conduct: personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm’. Staff should bring immediately to the attention of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and senior leadership team any behaviours by adults or children themselves that may be risky or harmful.

# 12. Monitoring Attendance

A child missing from an education setting is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect including exploitation. Local Authority guidance and procedures will be followed for dealing with a child who is missing from education, particularly on repeated occasions. Unauthorised attendance will be closely monitored. The attendance of children with known welfare and attendance concerns will be monitored closely, particularly those with chronic poor attendance or persistent absentees. Peregrinate Ltd. should also scrutinise the attendance of off-site provision to ensure children are attending and are safe. Similarly the attendance of children who are vulnerable or with known welfare and safeguarding concerns such as children who have a Child Protection Plan, a Child In Need, are Children Looked After and/or SEN will be monitored on a daily and weekly basis. Social care will be informed immediately when there are unexplained absences or attendance concerns. It is important that the school’s attendance team, including the EWO, school nurse and Safer Schools Police Officer, are aware of any safeguarding concerns. It is critical that when a child is not attending school their welfare is confirmed and best practice would be for an appropriate professional to visit the home and speak to the child away from their parents/carers, particularly if there are any safeguarding concerns. It is essential that all staff are alert to signs to look out for and the individual triggers to be aware of when considering the risks of potential safeguarding concerns such as travelling to conflict zones, Female Genital Mutilation and forced marriage.

# 13. Complaints

Complaints about safeguarding should follow the organisation’s Complaints Policy.

The organisation and the relevant Local Authority also have whistle blowing procedures.

# APPENDIX 1

**STAFF CHILD PROTECTION REFERRAL**

**Staff Name:** …………………………………...

**Student Name:** …………………………………… **Year:** ……………

**Date:** ……………………………………  **Time:** ……………

**Please note all concerns including dates, times, quotes, specific sizes and locations of injuries etc.**

Staff Signature: ………………………………………….. Date: …………………

Please pass to the Designated Safeguarding Lead as soon as possible following the discussion.

# APPENDIX 2

**ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHILD PROTECTION OFFICERS**

Peregrinate Ltd. named designated Safeguarding Lead is:

Angela Mollan

Peregrinate Ltd. named Child Protection Officers are:

Christian Mollan, Kieran Moran,

The responsibilities of the Child Protection Officer include:‐

* Ensuring that effective communication and liaison with Children and Families Social Work Teams and other agencies takes place.
* Ensuring that all staff have received Safeguarding quality assured training and have an understanding of child abuse and its main indicators.
* Ensuring that all staff are aware of the organisational policy, the relevant Local Authority Education Guidelines and KSCB Guidance.
* Support and advise staff in their child protection work.
* Provide specialist input into the planning of the content and delivery of the

Personal, Social and Health Education curriculum.

* Maintaining their own knowledge and skills in safeguarding children, and

keeping a record of their continuous professional development.

* Update school procedures as necessary and review annually
* Attend Child Protection Officer supervision.
* Attend  and  contribute  to  strategy meetings,  child  protection  conferences  and  any  other child protection meetings.

# APPENDIX 3

**CHILD PROTECTION PROCEDURES**

**ACTION FLOW CHART**

Discovery/ Suspicion of Concern relating to a child

Support, Monitor and Review.

No Consent: Discuss further with child.

Consent Gained: Continue with monitoring process.

Follow organisational practices and seek consent.

No further child protection action, but there may be additional needs to be addressed.

The contact numbers may be used for advice as well as referral:

LADO: [lado@liverpool.gov.uk](mailto:lado@liverpool.gov.uk) // 0771 670 2034]

Merseyside Police Non-Emergency: 101

Careline: 0151 233 3700

Child Welfare Concern

Immediate Risk of Harm

Immediately inform Designated Safeguarding Lead at Peregrinate Ltd.

Stephanie Bristow

[steph@peregrinate.school](mailto:steph@peregrinate.school)

07843 173932